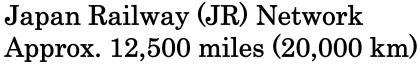
# High-Speed Rail Seminar in Chicago

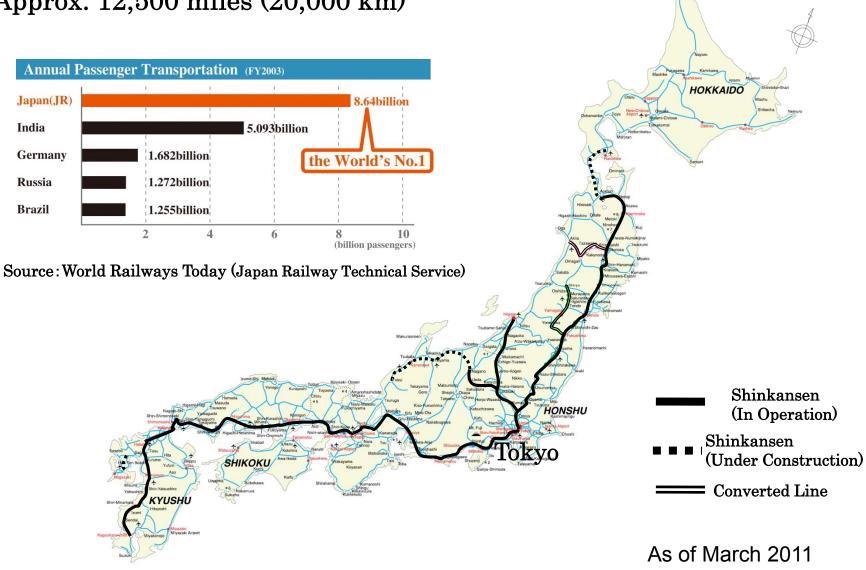
### Seiji MAEHARA

June 28, 2010



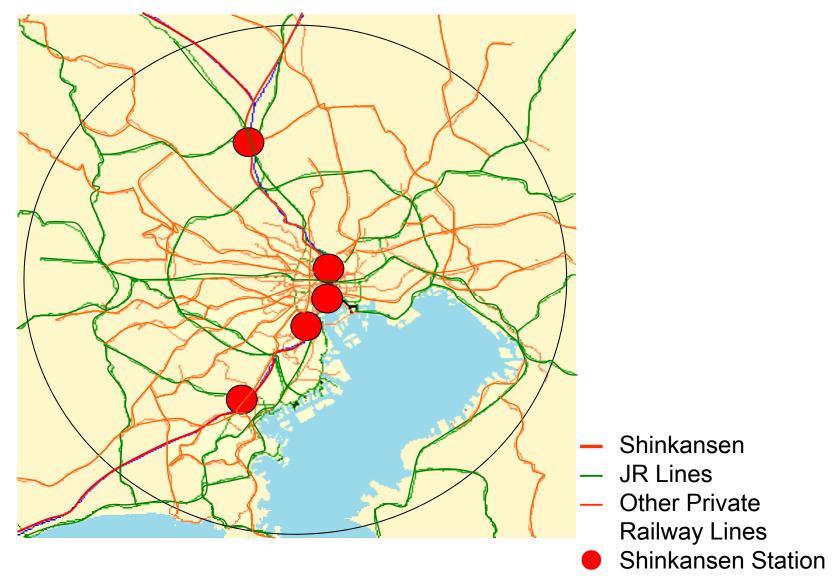






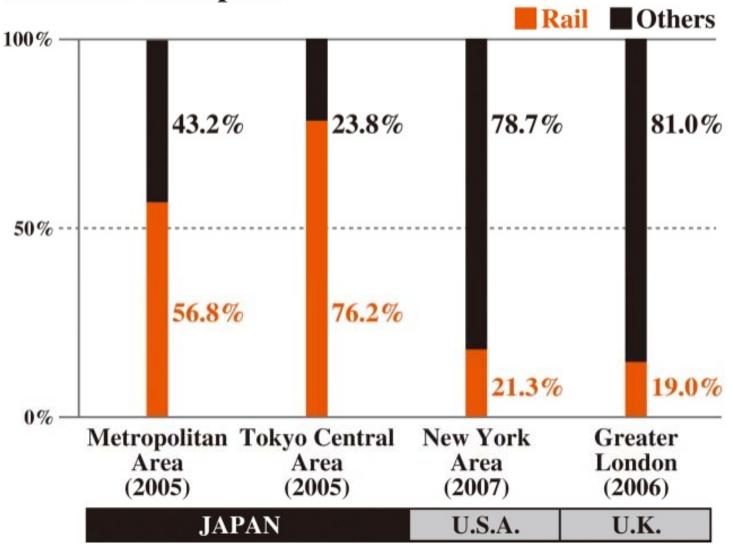


#### Tokyo Metropolitan Area; Within a 30-mile (50km) Radius of Central Tokyo





#### **Share of Transport**





### Proven Safety & Reliability over 45 years

- Passenger fatalities to date: **ZERO**
- ■Average delay time: less than 1 minute

#### World-Class Integrated Technology











Safety and Energy Efficiency System for Dedicated High Speed Rail Project



Direct Operation System between Dedicated and Conventional Line for Evolving Conventional Line into High Speed Rail

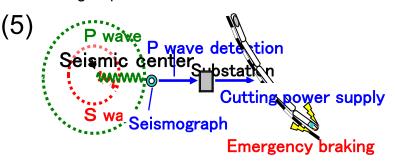


Electro-Diesel Hybrid Railcar



**Snow Resistance** 

Noise-Reduction Measures



Measures against Earthquakes



Stream-lined Front



Pantogragh Cover

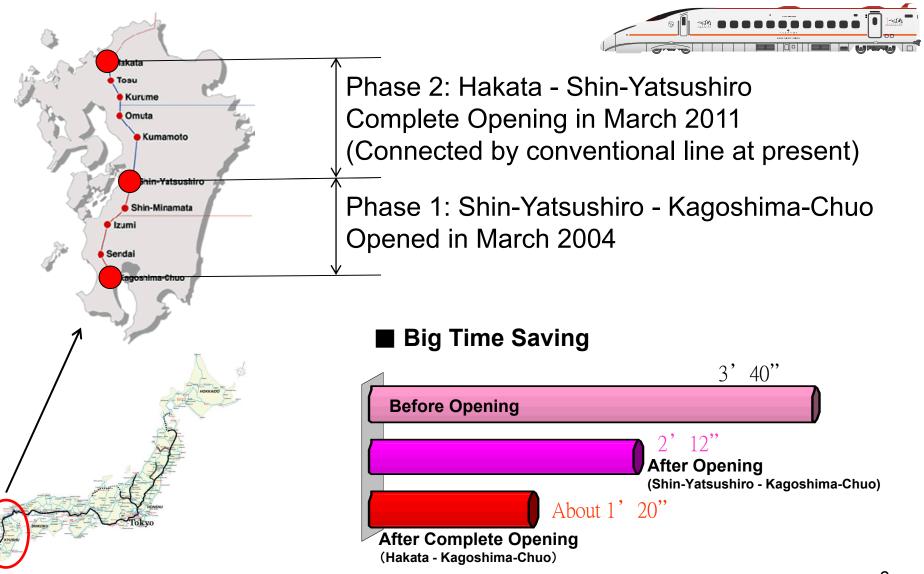


agri Covei

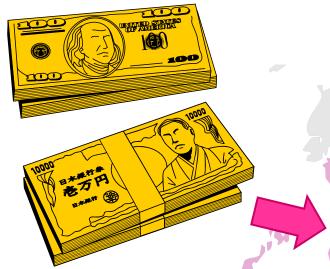
Superconducting Maglev



#### Kyushu Shinkansen: Hakata - Kagoshima-Chuo (160 miles)



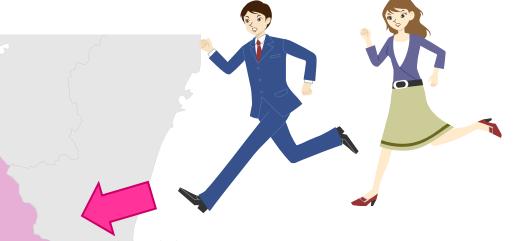
#### ■ Big impact on local economies through increase in visitors and more



**Ripple Effect on Economy** of Kagoshima Prefecture

184

million dollars/year

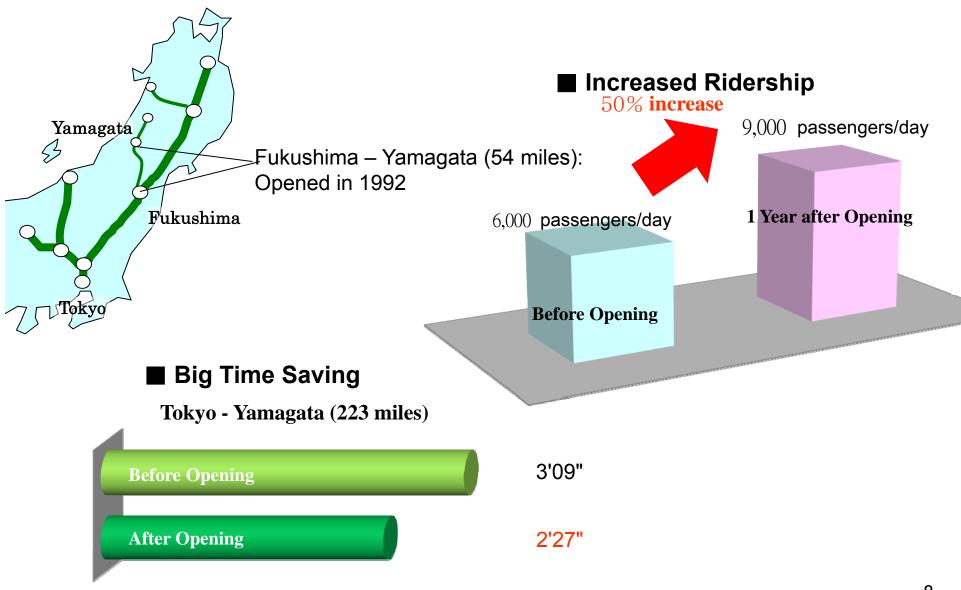


**Increase in Visitors to Kagoshima Prefecture** 

thousand people/year



#### Yamagata Line: Impact of improvement of conventional line









2. Construction of Railway Infrastructure





1.Design of High-Speed Rail



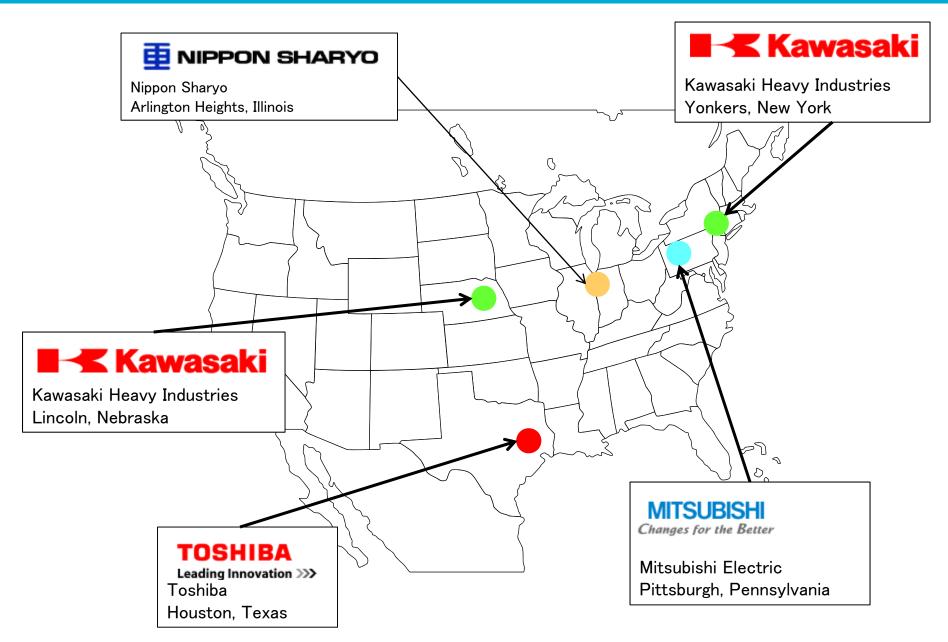
4. Manufacture of Railcars



maintainance

5. Development In and Around Stations







#### April 28, 2010 Cabinet order announced and enforced

- → Enabled the JBIC to finance for high-speed railway projects in the U.S. and other developed countries.
- \*Preparing to broadening its target to urban railway projects

Key Points of High-Speed Railway Projects

Long-term and high financing required

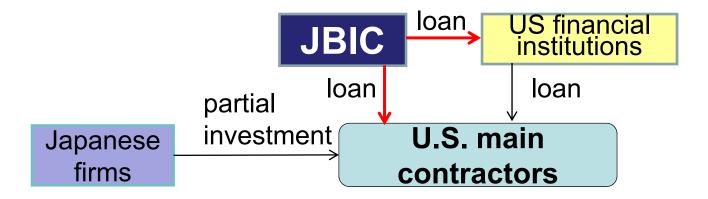
Strong Points of JBIC Overseas Investment Loans

Long-term

Longer-term loan than average loan from private banks

Low Interest

Lower than commercial rates





# Thank you